





Final Report

Report Number: SDWH-M202101057-3(E)

Skin Sensitization Test of Disposable Medical Protective Clothing

According to ISO 10993-10:2010 Guinea Pig Maximization Test Sesame Oil Extract

Sponsor: Wujiang Tutaike Textiles & Finishing Co.,Ltd

Address: No.1599, South 3rd Ring

Road, Shengze, Wujiang, Suzhou, Jiangsu



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Supplementary Explanation

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- (1) Please apply for rechecking within 15 days of receiving the report if there are any objections.
- (2) Any erasure or without special inspection and testing seal renders the report null and void.
- (3) The report is only valid when signed by the persons who edited, checked and approved it.
- (4) The results relate only to the articles tested.
- (5) The report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of the institute.

Quality Assurance Statement

The Quality Assurance Unit inspected/audited this study in compliance with the following GLP regulations:

Good Laboratory Practice (GLP) Regulation 21 CFR Part 58, U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA).

The Quality Assurance Unit conducted inspections on the following dates. The findings were reported to the Study Director and to the Testing Facility Management. The final report was reviewed by the Quality Assurance Unit. The final report accurately describes the test methods in accordance with standard operating procedures, and the results are consistent with raw data of non-clinical studies conducted according to the study protocol.

Inspections	Date of Inspection	Date Reported to Study Director	Date Reported to Testing Facility Management.		
Study Protocol	2021-03-10	2021-03-10	2021-04-13		
Study Procedure	2021-03-19 2021-03-22	2021-03-19 2021-03-22	2021-04-13		
Raw Data	2021-04-13	2021-04-13	2021-04-13		
Final Report	2021-04-13	2021-04-13	2021-04-13		

Quality Assurance Unit: Xu Gian 2021-04-13

Quality Assurance Date

GLP Compliance Statement

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This study was fully in accordance with the technical requirements of the study protocol.

This study was conducted in compliance with Good Laboratory Practice (GLP) Regulation 21 CFR Part 58, U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA).

Verification Dates

14	Test Article Receipt		2021-03-08
X	Protocol Effective Date	17.75	2021-03-10
	Technical Initiation Date		2021-03-11
	Technical Completion Date		2021-04-09
	Final Report Completion Date		2021-04-14

Edited by: Wang Deheng 2021-04-13
Date

Reviewed by: 2021-04-14

Study Director Date

Approved by: Fangsing 7 7 2021-04-14

Authorized Signatory Date 10.15

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Summary

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1 Test Article

Test Article Name	Disposable Medical Protective Clothing				
Manufacturer	er Wujiang Tutaike Textiles & Finishing Co.,Ltd				
Address	No.1599,South 3rd Ring Road,Shengze,Wujiang,Suzhou,Jiangsu				
Model	Not supplied by sponsor (N/S)	4			
Lot/Batch	TTK-20200818				

2 Main Reference

ISO 10993-10:2010 Biological evaluation of medical devices — Part 10: Tests for irritation and skin sensitization

3 Test Method

Potential skin sensitization of test article was evaluated using guinea pig maximization test in accordance with ISO 10993-10:2010 Biological evaluation of medical devices — Part 10: Tests for irritation and skin sensitization.

Study protocol number: SDWH-PROTOCOL-GLP-M202101057-3.

4 Conclusion

Under the conditions of this study, the test article extract showed no significant evidence of causing skin sensitization in the guinea pig. The positive rate of sensitization was 0%. No evidence of skin sensitization in guinea pigs was found.

Test Report

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1 Purpose

The test was designed to evaluate the potential of a test article to cause skin sensitization. The test is used as a procedure for screening of contact allergens in guinea pigs and extrapolating the results to humans, but it does not establish the actual risk of sensitization.

2 Reference

ISO 10993-10:2010 Biological evaluation of medical devices — Part 10: Tests for irritation and skin sensitization

ISO 10993-12:2021 Biological evaluation of medical devices — Part 12: Sample preparation and reference materials

ISO 10993-2:2006 Biological evaluation of medical devices — Part 2: Animal welfare requirements

3 Compliance

Good Laboratory Practice Regulations, 21 CFR, Part 58.

ISO/IEC 17025:2017 General requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories (CNAS—CL01 Accreditation criteria for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories) China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment LABORATORY ACCREDITATION CERTIFICATE Registration No. CNAS L2954.

RB/T 214—2017 Competence assessment for inspection body and laboratory mandatory approval—General requirements for inspection body and laboratory Certification and Accreditation Administration of the People's Republic of China INSPECTION BODY AND LABORATORY MANDATORY APPROVAL Certificate No. CMA 180015144061.

4 Identification of Test and Control Articles

4.1 Test Article

Test Article Name	Disposable Medical	Protective Clothing
Manufacturer	Wujiang Tutaike Tex	ctiles & Finishing Co.,Ltd
Address	No.1599,South 3rd	Ring Road, Shengze, Wujiang, Suzhou, Jiangsu
Test Article Initial State	Sterile, EO	
CAS Number	N/S	XV
Model	N/S	× 9 x . 9
Size	N/S	(位)
Lot/Batch	TTK-20200818	
Raw Material	PP+PE	A. N.
Packaging Material	Paper-plastic bag	
Physical State	Solid	
Color	White	A STATE OF THE STA
Density	N/S	///
Stability	N/S	
Solubility	N/S	
Storage Condition	Room temperature	\X\Z
Intended Use	N/S	
Additional Information	N/S	

The information about the test article was supplied by the sponsor wherever applicable.

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The Sponsor is responsible for all test article characterization data as specified in the GLP regulations.

4.2 Control Article

4.2.1 Negative Control

Name: Sesame oil (SO).

Manufacturer: Ji'an Qingyuan District luyuanxiangliao. Co. Ltd

Size: 5kg

Lot/ Batch#: 20201218
Physical State: Oily liquid

Color: Pale yellow

Storage Condition: Room Temperature

4.2.2 Positive Control

Name: 2, 4-Dinitrochlorobenzene (DNCB)

Manufacturer: Chengdu Aikeda Chemical Reagent Co., Ltd.

Size: 100g

Lot/ Batch#: 201904101 Induction Concentration: 0.5% Challenge Concentration: 0.1%

Solvent: Sesame oil

Date prepared: Intradermal Induction Phase I:2021-03-01; Topical Induction Phase II: 2021-03-08;

Challenge Phase: 2021-03-23 Physical State: Liquid

Color: Light Yellow

Storage Condition: Room Temperature

5 Equipment and Reagents

5.1 Equipment

Equipment Name	Equipment Number	Calibration Expire
Electronic scale	SDWH442	2021-04-25
Horizontal Large Capacity Constant Temperature Vibrator	SDWH2671	2021-12-23
Steel straight scale	SDWH463	2021-07-06
Vertical pressure steam sterilizer	SDWH2097	2022-03-09

5.2 Reagents

Reagent Name	Manufacturer	LOT
Freund's adjuvant, complete liquid	SIGMA	SLCG1631
Sodium dodecyl sulfate (SDS)	Ron reagent	RH178474

6 Identification of Test System

Species: Hartley guinea pig (Cavia Porcellus) Number: 15 (10 test +5 negative control)

Sex: Male

Initial body weight: 300 ~ 500 g

Health status: healthy, not previously used in other experimental procedures

Housing: animals were housed in groups in cages identified by a card indicating the lab number,

test code and first treatment date, etc.

Animal identification: Stain with dyeing liquid

Cages: plastic cage

Acclimation period: 7 days under the same conditions as for the actual test

7 Animal Care and Maintenance

Animal source: Suzhou Experimental Animal Sci-Tech Co., Ltd. <Permit Code: SCXK (SU)

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2020-0007>

Bedding: corncob, Suzhou Shuangshi Laboratory Animal Feed Science Co., Ltd.

Feed: guinea pig diet, Suzhou Experimental Animal Sci-Tech Co., Ltd.

Water: drinking water met the Standards for Drinking Water Quality GB 5749-2006

Animal room temperature: 18 ~ 26°C Animal room relative humidity: 30% ~ 70% Lights: 12 h light/dark cycle, full-spectrum lighting

Personnel: associates involved were appropriately qualified and trained

Selection: only healthy, previously unused animals were selected

There were no known contaminants present in the feed, water, or bedding expected to interfere with the test data.

8 Justification of Test System and Route of Administration

The albino guinea pig has been used historically for sensitization studies (Magnusson and Kligman, 1970). The guinea pig is believed to be the most sensitive animal model for this type of study. The susceptibility of the guinea pig to a known sensitizing agent, 2,4-dinitrochlorobenzene (DNCB) has been substantiated at SDWH (listed in **Table 1** and **Table 2**).

The test article was extracted and administered in vivo through a medium compatible with the test system. Dermal application corresponds to the likely route of human exposure.

9 Experimental Design

9.1 Preparation of Extracts

9.1.1 Pretreatment

No pretreatment required.

9.1.2 Extraction

Under aseptic conditions, samples were taken according to the sampling method (Randomly sampling of the main material part, calculating the combined area of all tissue contacting surfaces of each sample (single side) as the standard surface area of each sample). The extraction was performed with agitation in closed inert containers according to the extraction ratio listed in the following table (sample: extraction vehicle). The extraction vehicle was SO.

Test Period	A atual Campling	Extra	Final		
Test Periou	Actual Sampling	Extract Ratio	SO	Condition	Extract
Intradermal Induction Phase I	Surface area 120 cm ²	6 cm ² :1 mL	20.0 mL	50°C, 72 h	Clear
Topical Induction Phase II	Surface area 120 cm ²	6 cm ² :1 mL	20.0 mL	50°C, 72 h	Clear
Challenge Phase	Surface area 120 cm ²	6 cm ² :1 mL	20.0 mL	50°C, 72 h	Clear

The state of the extract did not change after extraction. The extract was stored at room temperature, and tested within 24 h, without the process of adjusting its pH value, filtering, centrifuging, diluting, etc.

The vehicle (without the test article) was similarly prepared to serve as the control.

9.2 Experimental Procedure

9.2.1 Animal Preparation and Grouping

On the first day of treatment, 15 guinea pigs were weighed and identified. The fur from the dorsoscapular area of the animals was removed with an electric clipper. Grouping as follow:

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Group Name	Group Size	Gender
Test	10 animals	Male
Negative Control	5 animals	Male

9.2.2 Intradermal Induction Phase I

A pair of 0.1 mL intradermal injections was made for each of the following, into each animal, at the injection sites (A, B and C) as shown in Figure 1 in the clipped intrascapular region.

Site A: A 50:50 (V/V) stable emulsion of Freund's complete adjuvant mixed with the chosen solvent

Site B: the test sample (undiluted extract); the control animals were injected with the solvent alone.

Site C: the test sample at the concentration used at site B, emulsified in a $50:50 \ (V/V)$ stable emulsion of Freund's complete adjuvant and the solvent (50%); the control animals were injected with an emulsion of the blank liquid with adjuvant.

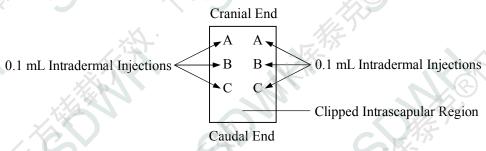


Figure 1 Locations of intradermal injection sites

9.2.3 Topical Induction Phase II

The maximum concentration that can be achieved in Intradermal induction phase I did not produce irritation. Animals are pretreated with 10% sodium dodecyl sulfate (Solvent: Distilled water, Date prepared: 2020-09-17) (24 ± 2) h before the topical induction application.

At 7 ± 1 d after completion of the intradermal induction phase, administer 0.5 mL test article extract by topical application to the intrascapular region of each animal, using a patch of area approximately 8 cm² (absorbent gauze), so as to cover the intradermal injection sites. Secure the patches with an occlusive dressing. Remove the dressings and patches after (48 ± 2) h.

Treat the control animals similarly, using the blank liquid alone.

9.2.4 Challenge Phase

At 14 ± 1 d after completion of the topical induction phase, challenge all test and control animals with the test sample. Administer 0.5ml test article extract and control article by topical application to sites that were not treated during the induction stage, using absorbent gauze (8 cm²) soaked in the test article extract and control article. Secure with an occlusive dressing. Remove the dressings and patches after (24±2) h.

9.3 Observation of Animals

Observe the appearance of the challenge skin sites of the test and control animals (24 ± 2) h and (48 ± 2) h after removal of the dressings. Full-spectrum lighting was used to visualize the skin reactions. Describe and grade the skin reactions for erythema and oedema according to the Magnusson and Kligman grading given in the following table for each challenge site and at each

time interval.

Magnusson and Kligman scale

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Patch Test Reaction	Grading Scale
No visible change	0
Discrete or patchy erythema	1
Moderate and confluent erythema	2
Intense erythema and/or swelling	3

9.4 Evaluation of Results

Magnusson and Kligman grades of 1 or greater in the test group generally indicate sensitization, provided grades of less than 1 are seen in control animals.

If grades of 1 or greater are noted in control animals, then the reactions of test animals which exceed the most severe reaction in control animals are presumed to be due to sensitization.

If the response is equivocal, rechallenge is recommended to confirm the results from the first challenge.

The outcome of the test is presented as the frequency of positive challenge results in test and control animals.

10 Results

The results of skin reaction after challenge were listed in **Table 3**. No skin sensitization reaction was found in the skin of guinea pigs using extracts of the test article, and the positive rate of sensitization was 0%.

The positive rate of sensitization in the positive control group was 100%, listed in **Table 1**. Clinical observations and weight changes of guinea pigs were listed in **Table 4**.

11 Conclusion

Under the conditions of this study, the test article extract showed no significant evidence of causing skin sensitization in the guinea pig.

12 Record Storage

All raw data pertaining to this study and a copy of the final report are to be retained in designated SDWH archive.

13 Confidentiality Agreement

Statements of confidentiality were as agreed upon prior to study initiation.

14 Deviation Statement

There were no deviations from the approved study protocol which were judged to have any impact on the validity of the data.

Annex 1 Test Data

 Table 1
 Guinea pig sensitization dermal reactions of positive control

Group	Animal Number	Befor II I	± 2) h e Phase Patch ication	Fol	t ± 2) h llowing enge Phase	Fol	± 2) h lowing nge Phase	Positive Rate after Challenge
上游	u .	Left	Right	Test Sites	Control Sites	Test Sites	Control Sites	Phase
7	1	1		1	0	2_	0	
D = =:4:	2	1	~ 1	2	0	1	0	
Positive Control	3	2	2	1	0	2	0	100%
Colluoi	4	177	1	1	0	2	0	1 Bly
	5	1	2	2	0	2	0	(1)
	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Magativa	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Negative Control	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	_
Collubi	9	0	0	0	0	0	0 —	
	10	0	0	5 0	0	0	0	

Note: the data of positive control come from SDWH- M202100734-2 (Completed Date: 2021-03-26)

 Table 2
 Weigh change and clinical observation of positive control

XX	Animal		ht (g)	Clinical Observation Event	
Group	Animal Number	Before Injection	After Experiment	- Clinical Observation Except Dermal Reactions	
4/20	1	324	402	Normal	
Danitian	2	351	441	Normal	
Positive Control	3	329	408	Normal	
Condo	4	317	401	Normal	
	5	354	445	Normal	
	5 6	335	421	Normal	
No antino	7	308	397	Normal	
Negative Control	8	336	425	Normal	
Condo	9	308	399	Normal	
	10	334	411	Normal	

Note: the data of positive control come from SDWH- M202100734-2 (Completed Date: 2021-03-26)

 Table 3
 Guinea pig sensitization dermal reactions

Group	Animal Number	(24 ± 2) h Before Phase II Patch Application		(24 ± 2) h Following Challenge Phase		(48 ± 2) h Following Challenge Phase		Positive Rate after Challenge
		Left	Right	Test Sites	Control Sites	Test Sites	Control Sites	Phase
-17/	7 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
FIR	2	0	0	- 0	0	0	0	
	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Test	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	Y GIL,
	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Negative Control	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	12	0	0	-0	0	0	0_	
	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	15	0	0	0	0	0	0	

 Table 4
 Weigh change and clinical observation

-\^X	Animal	Wei	ght (g)	Clinical Observation Event		
Group	Number	Before Injection	After Experiment	- Clinical Observation Except Dermal Reactions		
480	1	330	406	Normal		
1/4/	2	307	373	Normal		
	3	308	374	Normal		
	4	336	412	Normal		
Test	5	339	414	Normal		
Test	6	334	407	Normal		
	7	309	370	Normal		
	8	331	412	Normal		
	9	353	437	Normal		
	10	338	419	Normal		
- () ,	11	332	402	Normal		
Magativa	12	347	430	Normal		
Negative	13	351	436	Normal		
Control	14	321	387	Normal		
	15	353	437	Normal		

Annex 2 Photograph of Test Article

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Information Provided by Sponsor

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1 Production Process

Not supplied by sponsor.

Annex 3

2 Other Information

Not supplied by sponsor.

End of Report